

QUICK-START GUIDE

How to connect the

Velocitykvm-24 to the VX160 KVM Matrix Switch

Powered by MRTS Technology

router VX160

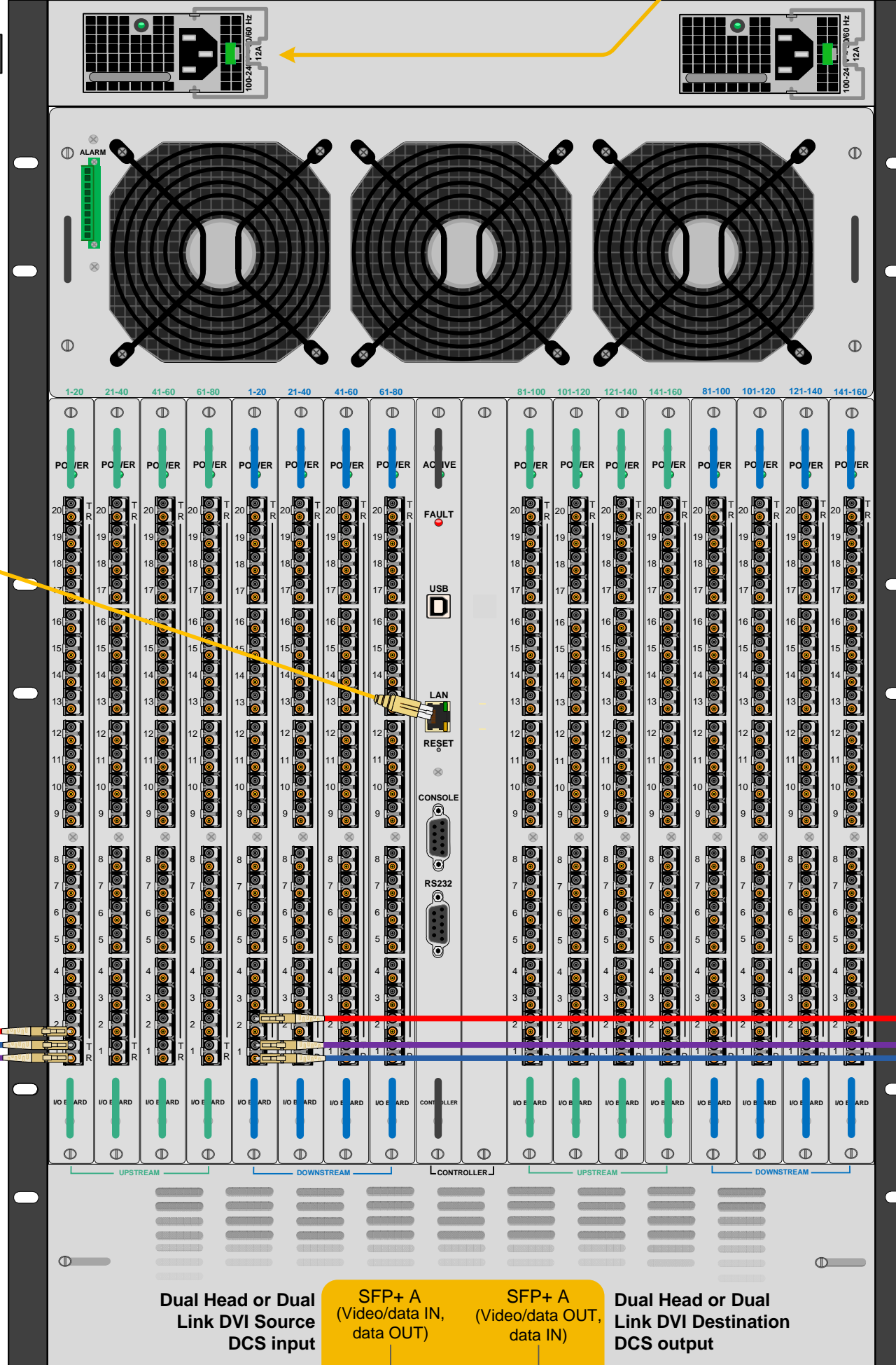
The VX160 router from Thinklogical™ is a new, unique class of **COST-EFFECTIVE** matrix switching and KVM extension designed for a variety of **HIGH-PERFORMANCE** computing environments. Comprised of a fiber-in, fiber-out matrix switch and a fiber-optic KVM extender (with a transmitter and receiver), this complete system provides **TRANSPARENT** and **SECURE** routing, switching and extension of video and high-speed data peripherals to remote destinations with ease.

Thinklogical's™ VX160 KVM Matrix Switch features redundant Power Supplies for uninterrupted performance, even during system reconfiguration, updates or debug. The VX160 remains fully functional with only one Power Supply installed.

STEP 7: Connect both supplied AC Power Cords (PWR-000022-R) to the receptacles located on the VX160's power supplies. Plug them into a standard AC source. Verify that all system functions are operating properly.



VX160 Router KVM Matrix Switch Chassis, 16 Rack Units, 850 Watts



Minimum External Control CPU requirements:

- RedHat EL5.3 installed (or CentOS 5.3) (32-bit not 64-bit version)
- 1 Gig RAM
- 1 DVD drive
- VGA and/or DVI video port
- USB or PS2 Keyboard / Mouse
- 2 network ports (port 1 - system maint. port 2 - dedicated to VX160(s))
- 1 RS-232 serial port (Crestron/AMX serial access)
- 20 Gig (minimum) hard drive

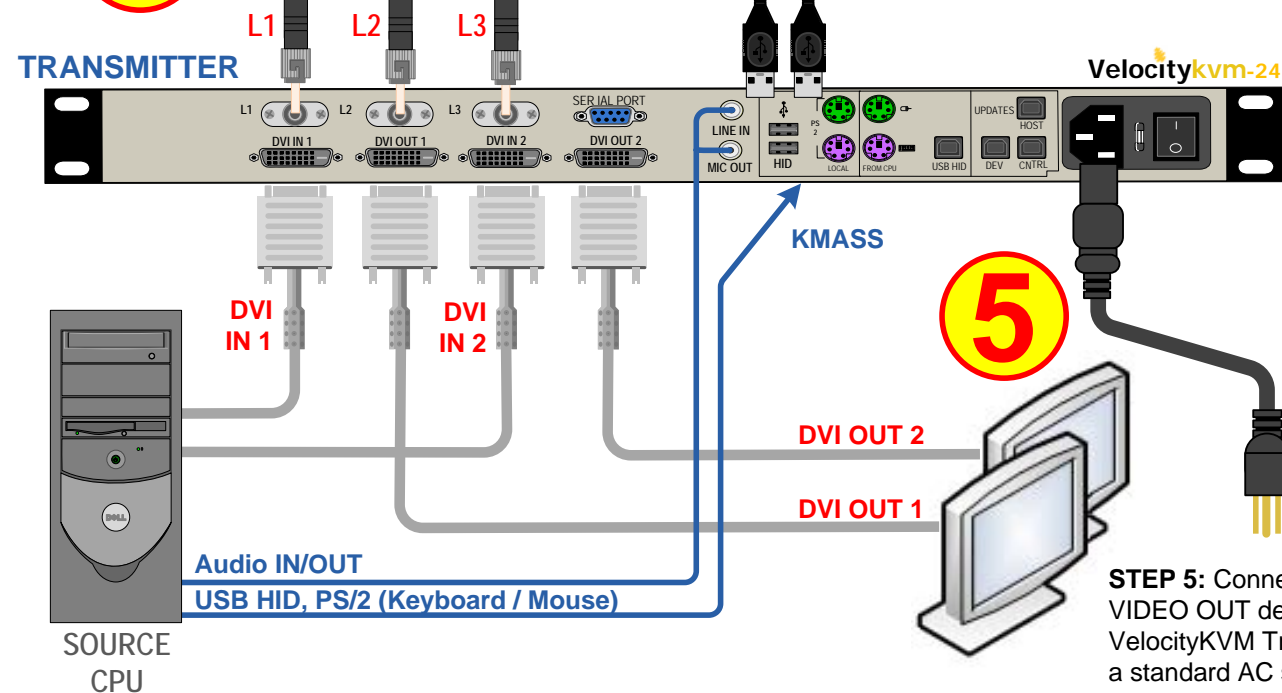
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STEP 4: Connect any desired local KMASS devices to the VelocityKVM Transmitter ports.



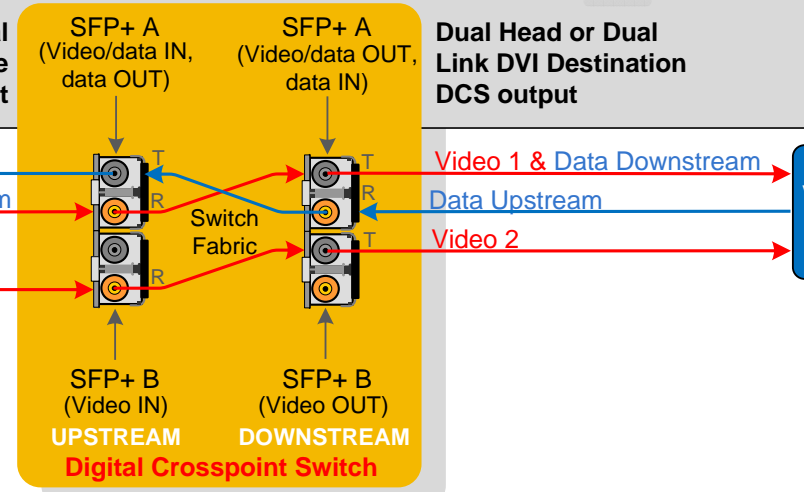
STEP 6: Connect your VelocityKVM Transmitter(s) to the VX160 Upstream ports using multi-mode fiber-optic cables. Connect cable L1 to a Receive Port, cable L2 to a Transmit Port and cable L3 to a Receive Port. (See the DCS Crosspoint Switch detail diagram, below.)

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STEP 5: Connect the VIDEO IN cables and any local VIDEO OUT devices as shown. Connect the VelocityKVM Transmitter's Power cord and plug it into a standard AC source.

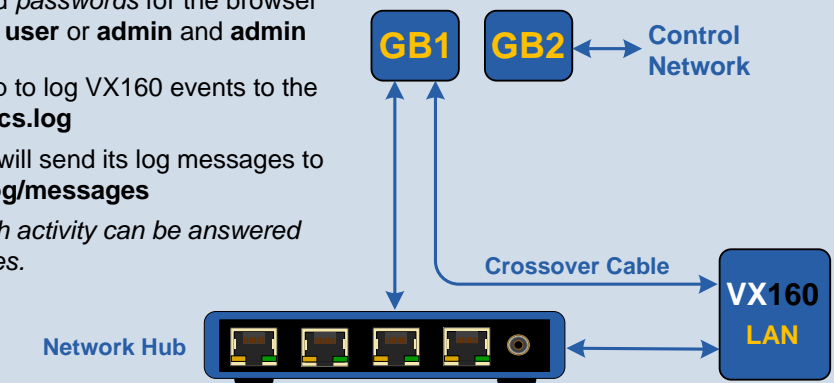


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STEP 8: VX160 CPU Connections

1. Connect network port GB1 to the VX160 LAN port using either a crossover cable or hub. This port has an IP address of 192.168.13.10
2. Connect network port GB2 to the control network. This is the network used to access the VX160 control software. It is configured to use DHCP to obtain an IP address.
3. From an external CPU, point a web browser to the VX160 control CPU using the address obtained from DHCP. (Currently, only Firefox is supported. IE will not work.)
4. The user names and passwords for the browser interface are user and user or admin and admin
5. The system is set up to log VX160 events to the file: /var/log/dcs.log

Also, the VX160 CPU will send its log messages to the file: /var/log/messages
Questions about switch activity can be answered by examining these files.



(Choose either Crossover Cable or Hub.)

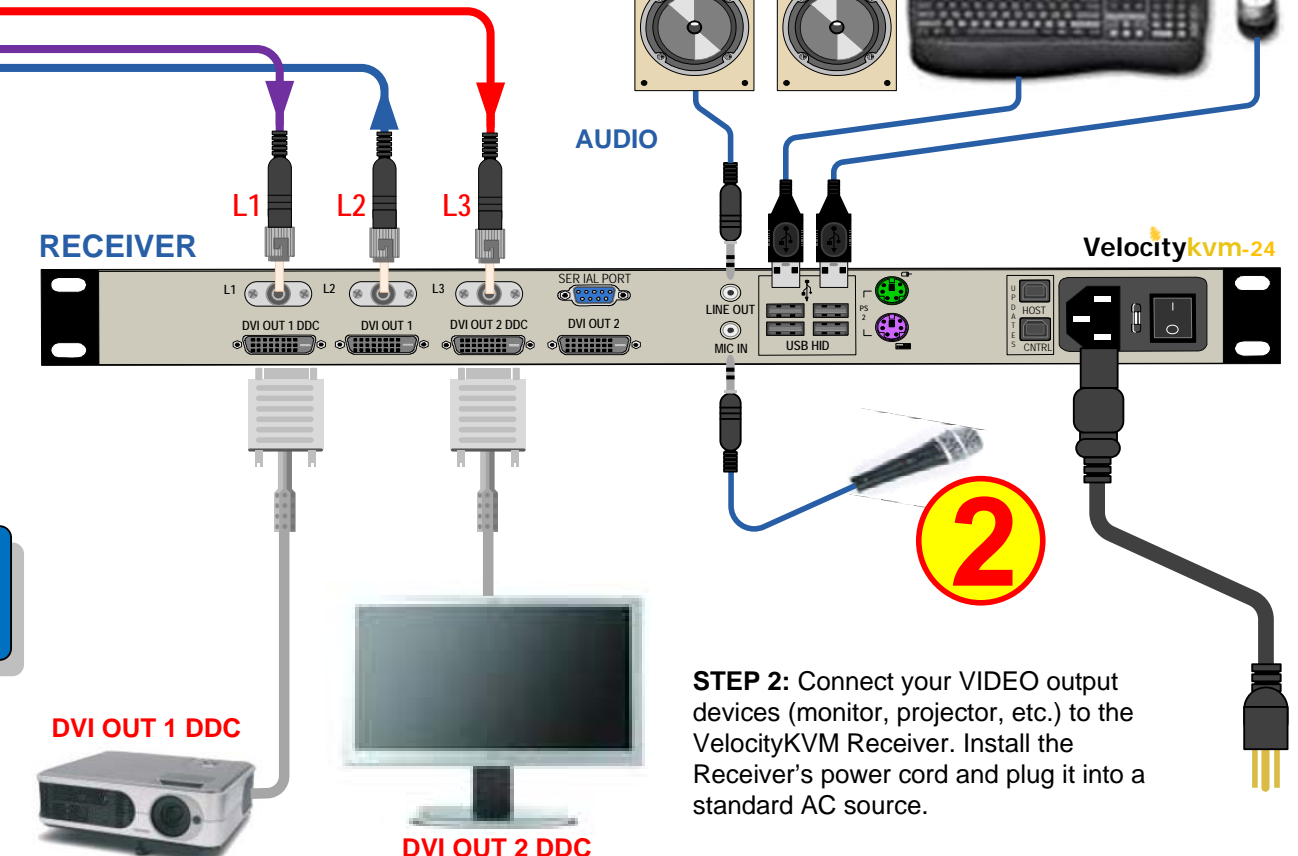
Monitor, Projector and Audio Destinations

STEP 3: Connect your VelocityKVM Receiver(s) to the VX160 Downstream ports using multi-mode fiber-optic cables (up to 1000 meters). Connect cable L1 to a Transmit Port, cable L2 to a Receive Port and cable L3 to a Transmit port as shown. (See the DCS Crosspoint Switch detail diagram, below left.)

STEP 1: Depending on your configuration, connect your KMASS devices (audio, keyboard, mouse, etc.) to the VelocityKVM Receiver using standard cables, as shown in the examples below. Turn all the devices ON.

L3: Video 2
L1: Data Tx to Rx and Video 1
L2: Data Rx to Tx

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STEP 2: Connect your VIDEO output devices (monitor, projector, etc.) to the VelocityKVM Receiver. Install the Receiver's power cord and plug it into a standard AC source.